



ABL GOKP PENSION FUND

Annual Report

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



ABL Asset Management

Discover the potential

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VISION

Creating Investment Solutions within
everyone's reach



Mission & Core Values

To create a conducive working environment, to attract the best talent in the Asset Management Sector. ABLAMC strives to be the 'employer of choice' for young and experienced talent.

To set the highest industry standards in terms of product ranges and innovations, in order to offer products for clients of all demographics. To adhere to the highest industry standard for integrity and quality across all the spheres of the company.

To use technology and financial structuring to serve as a "cutting-edge" compared to the competition.

To enhance Stakeholders Value.



FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company:	ABL Asset Management Company Limited Plot/Building # 14, Main Boulevard, DHA, Phase - VI, Lahore - 54810	
Board of Directors:	Sheikh Mukhtar Ahmed Mr. Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Mr. Aizid Razzaq Gill Ms. Saira Shahid Hussain Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt Mr. Kamran Nishat	Chairman Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Independent Director Independent Director
Audit Committee:	Mr. Kamran Nishat Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt	Chairman Member Member
Human Resource and Remuneration Committee	Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Mr. Kamran Nishat Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt Mr. Naveed Nasim	Chairman Member Member Member
Board's Risk Management Committee	Mr. Kamran Nishat Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt Mr. Naveed Nasim	Chairman Member Member
Board Strategic Planning & Monitoring Committee	Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Mr. Kamran Nishat Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt Mr. Naveed Nasim	Chairman Member Member Member
Chief Executive Officer of The Management Company:	Mr. Naveed Nasim	
Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary:	Mr. Saqib Matin	
Chief Internal Auditor:	Mr. Kamran Shehzad	
Trustee:	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited CDC - House, Shara-e-Faisal, Karachi.	
Bankers to the Fund:	Allied Bank Limited Bank Al Falah Limited United Bank Limited	
Auditor:	M/s. A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants State Life Building No. 1-C I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	
Legal Advisor:	Ijaz Ahmed & Associates Advocates & Legal Consultants No. 7, 11th Zamzama Street, Phase V DHA Karachi.	
Registrar:	ABL Asset Management Company Limited L - 48, DHA Phase - VI, Lahore - 74500	



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Board of Directors of ABL Asset Management Company Limited, the management company of ABL Voluntary Pension Scheme (ABL-VPS), is pleased to present the Audited Financial Statements of ABL Voluntary Pension Scheme for the period ended on June 30, 2024.

ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE REVIEW

Financial Year 2024 (FY24) for Pakistan witnessed a mix of challenges and improvements across key economic indicators, shaped by domestic policy measures, global economic dynamics, and ongoing reforms. It marked a pivotal period for Pakistan's economic landscape as the distressed economy came out of hot waters with the signing of a USD 3 billion Standby Arrangement with the IMF.

The financial year began with elevated inflationary pressures but gradually saw a decline in headline inflation. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) averaged 23.4% for the year, marking a significant decrease from 29.1% recorded in FY23. This disinflationary trend was primarily driven by a high base effect from previous years' high inflation rates and sporadic deflationary episodes observed during the year.

The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) played a pivotal role in managing inflation and stimulating economic activity. In June 2024, the SBP's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) opted to reduce the policy rate by 150 basis points to 20.5% after maintaining status quo for approximately one year since Jun 23, 2023. This decision was aimed at supporting economic growth as real-interest rates turned positive, signaling a shift towards accommodating monetary policies.

The balance of payments scenario in FY24 reflected a mix of challenges and improvements. After experiencing deficits earlier in the year, the country achieved three consecutive months of current account surpluses in the second half of the year. However, the cumulative deficit for 11 months stood at USD 464 million, largely influenced by increased import expenditures. Robust inflows from workers' remittances played a crucial role in stabilizing the external account, which stand at around 27 billion.

On the fiscal front, the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) demonstrated resilience with strong tax revenue collections amounting to PKR 9,311 billion in FY24. This performance underscored the government's efforts to strengthen fiscal discipline amidst economic uncertainties and ongoing structural reforms.

Looking ahead, Pakistan anticipates continued economic stabilization efforts in FY25. The Federal Budget FY25, presented in June 2024, introduced strategic measures aimed at addressing economic challenges and preparing for potentially the largest IMF program in the country's history. With expectations of further monetary policy adjustments and ongoing negotiations with international financial institutions, the outlook remains cautiously optimistic.

MONEY MARKET REVIEW (CONVENTIONAL)

In FY24, Pakistan's Consumer Price Index (CPI) clocked in at an average 23.4% year-on-year (YoY), compared to an increase of 29.1% in the same period last year. The main sectors contributing to the inflation were food & transportation and housing sector.

In the period FY24 the State Bank of Pakistan kept policy rate at 22% for many months however, in the last Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) meeting held on 10th June the Committee decided to cut the interest rate by 150bps from 22% to 20.5%.

The decline in general and core inflation rates and real interest rates turning positive present a compelling argument for the central bank to consider revising its discount rate, which has remained at a record high of 22 percent for the last many months. Moreover, the SBP's reserves stand at USD 9.41 billion, as of July 05, 2024.

In FY24, T-bill cut off yields decreased by 244bps across different tenors. 3M cut off yield decreased by 185bps from 22.00% to 20.15%, 6M cut off yield decreased by 201bps from 21.97% to 19.96% and 12M cut off yield decreased by 346bps from 22.00% to 18.54%. During FY24, government ended up borrowing a total of PKR 24,180bn across 3M, 6M and 12M tenors.

Fixed rate PIB auction held during the period saw reasonable participation in 3Y, 5Y and 10Y tenors and PKR 3571bn was raised. 3Y bonds cut off decreased by 275bps and came at around 16.60%. No participation was seen in 15Y, 20Y and 30Y PIBs in the period under consideration.

MUTUAL FUND INDUSTRY REVIEW

During fiscal year 2024, the open-end mutual funds industry experienced a significant growth, with assets under management (AUM) rising by 65.5% (YoY) from PKR 1614bn to PKR 2671bn. The major inflows were observed in the money market, including conventional and Islamic, which grew by 45%(YoY), ending the fiscal year with balance of PKR 1327bn. Meanwhile, equity market funds, including both conventional and Islamic, also posted a 61% (YoY) growth. The elevated policy rates led to higher yields on T-bills and Pakistan Investment Bonds, contributing to the industry's growth. However, Shariah Complaint Fund of Funds and aggressive income fund witnessed a decline of 75% (YoY) and 2% respectively.

FUND PERFORMANCE

Our VPS is systematically classified into 3 sub fund categories based on the risk appetite of our long-term investors i.e. ("Debt Sub fund", "Money Market Sub Fund" & "Equity Sub Fund"). The Debt Sub fund and Equity Sub Fund will be offered at a later time.

Money Market Sub Fund

For the period ended FY24, Money market sub fund generated an annualized return of 19.73%.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company strongly believes in following the highest standard of Corporate Governance, ethics, and good business practices. The code of the conduct of the Company defines the obligation and responsibilities of all the Board members, the employees and the Company toward the various stakeholders, each other and the society as a whole. The Code of the Conduct is available on Company's website.

STATEMENT BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. Financial Statements present fairly the state of affairs, the results of operations, Comprehensive Income for the year, cash flows and movement in the Unit Holders' Fund;
2. Proper books of accounts of the Fund have been maintained.
3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments;
4. Relevant International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 & Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the Trust Deed and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of the financial statements;

5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored;
6. There have been no significant doubts upon the Funds' ability to continue as going concern;
7. Performance table of the Fund is given on page # 11 of the Annual Report;
8. There is no statutory payment on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges outstanding other than already disclosed in the financial statements;
9. The statement as to the value of investments of Provident Fund is not applicable in the case of the Fund as employee's retirement benefits expenses are borne by the Management Company;
10. The pattern of unit holding as at June 30, 2024 is given in note No. ____ of the Financial Statements.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY AND COMMITTEES THEREOF

The total numbers of directors are Seven excluding the Chief Executive Officer as per the following:

- a. Male: Six (6)
- b. Female: One (1)

The current composition of the Board is as follows:

Names	Category
Sheikh Mukhtar Ahmed	Non-Executive Directors
Mr. Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar	
Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar	
Mr. Aizid Razzaq Gill	
Ms. Saira Shahid Hussain	Female/ Non-Executive Director
Mr. Kamran Nishat	Independent Directors
Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt	
Mr. Naveed Nasim	CEO

Four Board meeting were held during and attended during the FY 2023-24. The particulars of the dates of meeting and the directors attending as required under NBFC Regulations, 2008 are appended in note ____ to the financial statements.

Committee of the Board comprise the Audit Committee, Human Resource Committee and Risk Management Committee. These meeting were attended by the Directors as per the following details:

- **Board's Audit Committee (BAC)** - Seven BAC meeting was held during the year and attended as follows:

	Name of Director	Status	Meeting attended
i.	Mr. Muhammad Kamran Shehzad *	Independent Director	5
ii.	Mr. Kamran Nishat **	Independent Director	2
iii.	Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar	Non- Executive Director	7
iv.	Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt	Independent Director	7

*Term matured on April 6, 2024

** Appointed w.e.f April 7, 2024.

- **Board's Risk Management Committee (BRMC)** - Two BRMC meeting was held during the year and attended as follows:

	Name of Director	Status	Meeting attended
i.	Mr. Muhammad Kamran Shehzad *	Independent Director	2
ii.	Mr. Kamran Nishat **	Independent Director	N/A
iii.	Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt	Independent Director	2
iv.	Mr. Naveed Nasim	CEO	2

*Term matured on April 6, 2024

** Appointed w.e.f. April 7, 2024.

- **Board's Human Resource Committee (BHRC)** - Seven BAC meeting was held during the year and attended as follows:

	Name of Director	Status	Meeting attended
i.	Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar	Non-Executive Director	3
ii.	Mr. Muhammad Kamran Shehzad *	Independent Director	3
iii.	Mr. Kamran Nishat **	Independent Director	N/A
iv.	Mr. Pervaiz Iqbal Butt	Independent Director	3
v.	Mr. Naveed Nasim	CEO	3

*Term matured on April 6, 2024

** Appointed w.e.f. April 7, 2024.

AUDITORS

The present auditors, M/s. A.F. Ferguson & Co. (Chartered Accountants) have retired and being eligible, offered themselves for reappointment for the financial year ending June 30, 2025.

MANAGEMENT QUALITY RATING

On October 26, 2023: The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned the Management Quality Rating (MQR) of ABL Asset Management Company (ABL AMC) at 'AM1' (AM-One). Outlook on the assigned rating is 'Stable'.

OUTLOOK & STRATEGY

In June 2024, the SBP's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) opted to reduce the policy rate by 150 basis points to 20.5% after maintaining status quo for approximately one year. The yields for both shorter tenor and longer tenor instruments have already dropped significantly from last year. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) witnessed a drastic plunge to a 30-month low of 11.8%YoY in May 2024. With this significant drop in the CPI, the real interest rates have already turned positive and market participants expect more rate cuts in the near future.

We expect that the new government will be able to negotiate a long-term arrangement with the IMF which would give more stability to the rupee and open up the Eurobond market and funding from other multilateral agencies like World Bank, ADB, ISDB etc.

The inversion in the yield curve has already sharpened. Yield curve at the shorter end has pretty much flattened with the 3M, 6M and 12M T-bills, carrying a negative spread of around 100bps from the current policy rate of 20.5%. On the longer end of the yield curve, the spread from the policy rate of 5yrs is almost around 500bps.

Going forward, we intend to increase the duration of our money market portfolios. Therefore, we would switch our positions from floaters to PIBs and longer duration T-Bills.

Further, we are negotiating with banks deposit deals to get profit rates better than the T-bills yields so we could trade along the shorter end of the yield curve to book capital gains and take funds back into the banks in order to improve running yields of our portfolios.

We will continue to stay cautious in our approach and not get swayed by the market until there is more clarity, especially on the political and economic front as the next policy meeting is also due in July, after which we would increase our position in longer term instruments.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Management Committee thanks the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan for their valuable support, assistance and guidance. The Board also thanks the employee of the Management Company and the Trustee, for their dedication and hard work, and the unit holders, for their confidence in the management company.

For & on behalf of the Board



Director

Lahore, August 29 , 2024



Naveed Nasim
Chief Executive Officer



FUND MANAGER REPORT

MONEY MARKET REVIEW (CONVENTIONAL)

In FY24, Pakistan's Consumer Price Index (CPI) clocked in at an average 23.4% year-on-year (YoY), compared to an increase of 29.1% in the same period last year. The main sectors contributing to the inflation were food & transportation and housing sector.

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MONEY MARKET OUTLOOK & STRATEGY (CONVENTIONAL)

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We expect that the new government will be able to negotiate a long-term arrangement with the IMF which would give more stability to the rupee and open up the Eurobond market and funding from other multilateral agencies like World Bank, ADB, ISDB etc.

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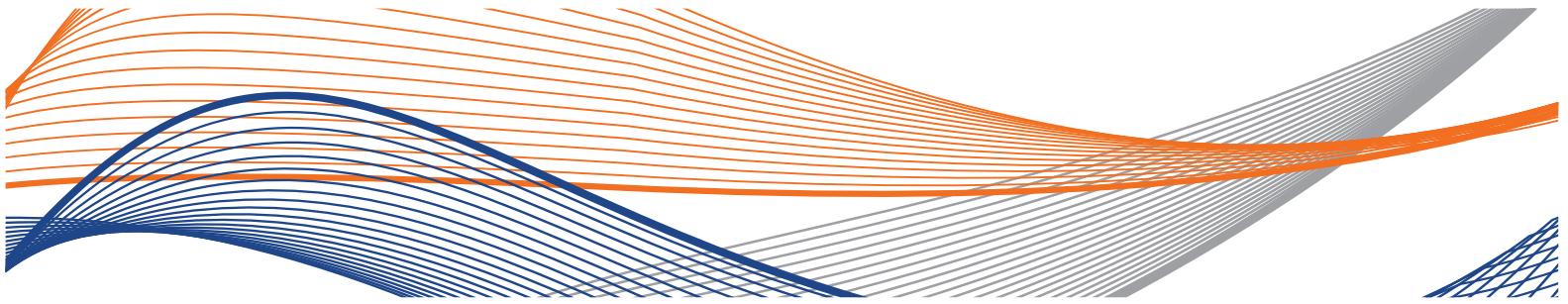
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FUND PERFORMANCE

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Money Market Sub Fund

For the year ended FY24, Money market sub fund generated an annualized return of 19.73%.



PERFORMANCE TABLE

Money Market Sub Fund

Particulars	2024
	Rupees in '000
Net income	1,107
Capital gain / (loss) on sale of investments - net	-
Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on re-measurement of investments classified as "financial assets at fair value through 'profit or loss'-net	-
Financial income	1,148
Net asset value per unit as at June 30	103.6771
Total Net Assets as at June 30	31,449
Total contributions received - Gross	30,342
Lowest issue price of units issued during the year	100.0000
Highest issue price of units issued during the year	104.9780

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY
OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

Head Office:

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'
S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahra-e-Faisal
Karachi - 74400, Pakistan.
Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500
Fax: (92-21) 34326021 - 23
URL: www.cdcpakistan.com
Email: info@cdcpak.com



TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE PARTICIPANTS

ABL GOKP PENSION FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 67D in conjunction with Regulation 41(h) of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of ABL GOKP Pension Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that ABL Asset Management Company Limited being the Pension Fund Manager has in all material respects managed the Fund from April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024 in accordance with the provisions of the constitutive documents of the Fund, the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

Further, in our opinion, the management fee, fee payable to Commission and other expenses paid from the Fund during the period are in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework.

Badiuddin Akber
Chief Executive Officer
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi: September 30, 2024



MUSTAQBIL
GOKP PENSION FUND

ABL Asset Management
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Participants of ABL GOKP Pension Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of ABL GOKP Pension Fund (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2024, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in participants' sub-funds and cash flow statement for the period from April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the period from April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024 in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network
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■ KARACHI ■ LAHORE ■ ISLAMABAD



A.F. FERGUSON & CO.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) the financial statements prepared for the period from April 23, 2023 to June 30, 2024 have been properly drawn in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 including the guidelines thereunder;

AF Co



A.F.FERGUSON & CO.

- b) the allocation and reallocation of units of the sub-funds for all the participants have been made in accordance with the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005;
- c) the cost and expenses debited to the Fund and apportionment of expenses between sub-funds are as specified in the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- d) the financial statements prepared are in agreement with the Fund's books and records; and
- e) we were able to obtain all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Noman Abbas Sheikh**.

A.F. Ferguson & Co.

A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Dated: September 27, 2024

Karachi

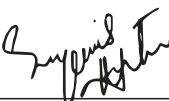
UDIN: AR202410061C5B3zr7Xx

ABL GOKP PENSION FUND
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AS AT JUNE 30, 2024

		2024
		Money Market Sub-Fund
	Note	Rupees in '000
ASSETS		
Bank balances	4	31,000
Profit receivable	5	490
Total assets		31,490
LIABILITIES		
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	6	9
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)	7	2
Printing charges payable		30
Total liabilities		41
NET ASSETS		31,449
PARTICIPANTS' SUB - FUND (AS PER STATEMENT ATTACHED)		31,449
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	8	
		Number of Units
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	9	303,336
		--Rupees--
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT		103.6771

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For ABL Asset Management Company Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)


Saqib Matin
Chief Financial Officer


Naveed Nasim
Chief Executive Officer


Pervaiz Iqbal Butt
Director

ABL GOKP PENSION FUND
INCOME STATEMENT
FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 23, 2024 TO JUNE 30, 2024

		For the period from April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024
		Money Market Sub-Fund
	Note	Rupees in '000
Income		
Profit on savings account		1,148
Total income		<u>1,148</u>
Expenses		
Remuneration of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	6.1	8
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of the Trustee	6.2	1
Annual fees to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)	7.1	2
Printing charges		30
Total operating expenses		<u>41</u>
Net income for the period before taxation		<u>1,107</u>
Taxation	11	-
Net income for the period after taxation		<u>1,107</u>
Other comprehensive income for the period		-
Total comprehensive income for the period		<u>1,107</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**For ABL Asset Management Company Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)**

Supplied

Saqib Matin
Chief Financial Officer



Naveed Nasim
Chief Executive Officer

Pervaiz Iqbal Butt
Director

ABL GOKP PENSION FUND
STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUND
FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 23, 2024 TO JUNE 30, 2024

For the period from April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024
Money Market Sub-Fund
Rupees in '000

Net assets at the beginning of the period	-
Amount received on issuance of units - (303,336 units)	30,342
Amount paid on redemption of units	-
	30,342
Total comprehensive income for the period	1,107
Net assets at the end of the period	31,449

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**For ABL Asset Management Company Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)**

Supplied

Saqib Matin
Chief Financial Officer

[Signature]

Naveed Nasim
Chief Executive Officer

Pervaiz Iqbal Butt
Director

ABL GOKP PENSION FUND
CASH FLOW STATEMENT
FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 23, 2024 TO JUNE 30, 2024

	Note	<div>For the period from April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024</div> <div>Money Market Sub-Fund</div> <div>Rupees in '000</div>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income for the period before taxation		1,107
Adjustments for:		
Profit on savings account		(1,148)
		(41)
Increase in liabilities		
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		9
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)		2
Accrued expenses		30
		41
Profit received		658
Net cash generated from operating activities		658
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from issuance of units		30,342
Net cash generated from financing activities		30,342
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		31,000
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	31,000

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For ABL Asset Management Company Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)


Saqib Matin
Chief Financial Officer


Naveed Nasim
Chief Executive Officer


Pervaiz Iqbal Butt
Director

ABL GOKP PENSION FUND

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 23, 2024 TO JUNE 30, 2024

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 ABL GOKP Pension Fund (the Fund) is an open ended Voluntary Pension Fund constituted under a Trust Deed executed between ABL Asset Management Company Limited as the Pension Fund Manager and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as the Trustee. The Trust Deed was executed on August 3, 2023 under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 (VPS Rules). The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has authorised constitution of the Trust Deed vide letter no. SCD/AMCW/ABLGOKPPF/2023-173 dated October 24, 2023 under the VPS Rules. The Pension Fund Manager of the Fund has been licensed to act as a Pension Fund Manager under the VPS Rules through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The Fund has been registered as a trust under the Punjab Trusts (Amendment) Act, 2022. The registered office of the Pension Fund Manager is situated at Plot No. 14, Main Boulevard, DHA Phase 6, Lahore.
- 1.2 The contributions in the Fund can be made by the participants of the Fund who shall be the employees of KPK Government appointed / recruited under the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Civil Servants (Amendment) Act, 2022 or employees of the KPK Government, regularized as civil servant through any legal instrument, issued after coming into force of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Civil Servants (Amendment) Act, 2022 irrespective of the effective date of regularization (collectively referred to as "Employees").
- 1.3 The objective of the Fund is to provide Employees with an individualized, funded (based on defined contribution) as well as flexible pension scheme which is managed by professional investment managers to assist them to plan and provide for their retirement. The design of the scheme empowers the Employees to invest their pensions as per their desired asset allocations.
- 1.4 The title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as the Trustee of the Fund.
- 1.5 The Pension Fund Manager has been assigned a quality rating of 'AM1' by Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) dated October 26, 2023.
- 1.6 As per the offering document approved by the SECP, the accounting period, in case of the first such period, shall commence from the date on which the trust property is first paid or transferred to the Trustee. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared from April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024.
- 1.7 The Pension Fund comprises of four sub-funds namely, ABL GOKP Pension Fund Equity Sub-Fund, ABL GOKP Pension Fund Debt Sub-Fund, ABL GOKP Pension Fund Money Market Sub-Fund and ABL GOKP Pension Fund Equity Index Fund (collectively the "Sub-Funds"). As at June 30, 2024 the Fund has launched only one Sub-Fund namely ABL GOKP Pension Fund Money Market Sub-Fund. The investment policy of the Sub-Fund is as follows:

ABL GOKP Pension Fund - Money Market Sub-Fund

The weighted average time to maturity of assets of Money Market Sub-Fund shall not exceed ninety (90) days. Time to maturity of any asset in the portfolio of Money Market Sub-Fund shall not exceed six (6) months. There shall be no limit with respect to investment in the Federal Government securities. Investments may be made in debt securities of any single company up to ten percent (10%) of net assets of a Money Market Sub-Fund or issue size of that debt security, whichever is lower. At least ten per cent (10%) Net Assets of the Money Market Sub-Fund shall be invested in debt securities issued by the Federal Government or keep as deposits with scheduled commercial banks which are rated not less than "AA" by a rating agency registered with the Commission.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Accounting Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;

- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 (the VPS Rules), the Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) and the requirements of the Trust Deed.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the VPS Rules, the Regulations and the requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the VPS rules and requirements of the Trust Deed have been followed.

2.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective:

The new standard - IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (IFRS 18) (published in April 2024) with applicability date of January 1, 2027 by IASB. IFRS 18 is yet to be adopted in Pakistan. IFRS 18 when adopted and applicable shall impact the presentation of 'Income Statement' with certain additional disclosures in the financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' which clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of a financial asset or financial liability including settlement of liabilities through banking instruments and channels including electronic transfers. The amendment when applied may impact the timing of recognition and derecognition of financial liabilities.

There are certain new standards and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that will be applicable to the Fund for its annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2024. However, these are not considered to be relevant or will not have any material effect on the Fund's financial statements.

2.3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates, judgments and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The estimates and judgments that have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Fund relate to classification and valuation of financial assets (note 3.2) and financial liabilities (note 3.3).

2.4 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the investments which have been carried at fair value.

2.5 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in these financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

These comprise balances with banks in savings and current accounts and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

3.2 Financial assets

3.2.1 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised at the time the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. These are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss'. Financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are recognised in the income statement.

3.2.2 Classification and subsequent measurement

3.2.2.1 Debt instruments

IFRS 9 has provided a criteria for debt securities whereby these debt securities are classified:

- at amortised cost; or
- at fair value through other comprehensive income "(FVOCI)"; or
- at fair value through profit or loss "(FVPL)"

based on the business model of the entity.

However, IFRS 9 also provides an option whereby securities managed as a portfolio or group of assets and whose performance is measured on a fair value basis, to be recognised at FVPL. The Money Market Sub-Fund primarily invest in debt securities and its performance is measured on a fair value basis. Hence, the management has classified the debt securities invested through Money Market Sub-Fund as FVPL.

3.2.2.2 Equity instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective and are instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

All equity investments are required to be measured in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at fair value, with gains and losses recognised in the income statement, except where an irrevocable election has been made at the time of initial recognition to measure the investment at FVOCI. As at June 30, 2024, the Fund has no equity sub-Fund in issue.

The dividend income for equity securities classified under FVPL is recognised in the income statement.

3.2.3 Impairment

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses (ECL) associated with its financial assets (other than debt instruments) carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The Fund recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of money; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Fund considers that a financial asset is in default when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 90 days of when they fall due. Further, financial assets are written off by the Fund, in whole or part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

3.2.3.1 Impairment on debt securities

Provision for non-performing debt securities is made on the basis of time-based criteria as prescribed by the SECP and based on the management's assessment made in line with its provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager in accordance with the guidelines issued by SECP. Impairment losses recognised on debt securities can be reversed through the income statement.

As allowed by the SECP, the Pension Fund Manager may make provision against debt securities over and above the minimum provision requirement prescribed by the SECP, considering the specific credit and financial condition of the debt security and in accordance with the provisioning policy duly approved by the Board of Directors.

3.2.4 Regular way contracts

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

3.2.5 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets is taken to the income statement.

3.3 Financial liabilities

3.3.1 Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. These are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost.

3.3.2 Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial liabilities is taken to the income statement.

3.4 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present, legal or constructive, obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.6 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 57 (3) (viii) of the Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A (i) of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

3.7 Revenue recognition

- Gains / (losses) on sale of investments is recorded in the income statement on the date on which the transaction takes place.
- Profit on bank balances in savings account is recognised on a time proportion basis using effective yield method.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on re-measurement of investments classified as 'financial assets' at fair value through profit or loss' are recorded in the period in which these arise.

3.8 Expenses

All expenses chargeable to the Fund including remuneration of the Pension Fund Manager and Trustee and annual fee of SECP are recognised in the income statement on an accrual basis.

3.9 Issue, allocation, reallocation and redemption of units

Contribution received in the individual pension account after deduction of applicable front end fee is used to purchase the units of sub-funds of the pension fund according to the allocation scheme selected by the participant. The units are allotted at the net asset value notified by the Pension Fund Manager at the close of the business day in the sub-fund on the date on which funds are actually realised against application. The front end fee is payable to the distributors and the Pension Fund Manager.

In case of withdrawal before retirement, units are redeemed at the net asset value of the sub-fund as of the close of the business day on which such request is received by the distributor before the cut off time. Redemption of units is recorded on acceptance of application for redemption.

In case of retirement of the participant, units are redeemed at the net asset value of each of the sub-fund as of the close of the business day on which retirement age is reached.

A participant can transfer his individual pension account with the Pension Fund Manager to another Pension Fund Manager or from one pension fund to another pension fund. Units are redeemed at the net asset value of each of the sub-fund as of the close of the business day corresponding to the date of change specified by the participant in accordance with the VPS Rules.

3.10 Net asset value (NAV) per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit for each sub-fund, as disclosed in the statement of assets and liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the sub-fund by the number of units in issue of the respective sub-fund at the reporting date.

3.11 Earnings / (loss) per unit

Earnings / (loss) per unit is calculated by dividing the net income / (loss) of the period after taxation of the sub-fund by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the year for the sub-fund.

Earnings / (loss) per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as, in the opinion of the management, the determination of cumulative weighted average number of outstanding units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

	Note	2024 Money Market Sub-Fund Rupees in '000
4 BANK BALANCES		
In savings account	4.1	31,000
4.1	This represents a balance maintained with Allied Bank Limited (a related party) that carries profit at the rate of 19.50% per annum.	
5 PROFIT RECEIVABLE		
Profit receivable on:		
Bank balances		490
		490
5.1	This represents profit receivable on a balance maintained with Allied Bank Limited (a related party).	
6 PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE - RELATED PARTY		
Trustee fee payable	6.1	8
Sindh Sales Tax payable on trustee fee	6.2	1
		9

- 6.1 The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Sub-Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed as per the tariff specified therein which is charged in proportion to the net assets of the Sub-Fund at the following rates:

Net assets (Rs.)	Tariff
- up to Rs. 1,000 million	Rs. 0.3 million or 0.15% per annum of net assets, whichever is higher
- exceeding Rs 1,000 million and upto Rs 3,000 million	Rs. 1.5 million plus 0.10% per annum of net assets, on amount exceeding Rs 1,000 million
- exceeding Rs 3,000 million and upto Rs 6,000 million	Rs. 3.5 million plus 0.08% per annum of net assets, on amount exceeding Rs 3,000 million
- exceeding Rs 6,000 million	Rs. 5.9 million plus 0.06% per annum of net assets, on amount exceeding Rs 6,000 million

- 6.2 During the period, an aggregate amount of Rs 0.001 million @ 13% was charged on account of sales tax on remuneration of the Trustee levied through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.

	Note	2024 Money Market Sub-Fund Rupees in '000
7 PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN (SECP)		
Annual fee payable	7.1	2

- 7.1 In accordance with the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005, each Sub-Fund is required to pay annual fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) at the rate of one twenty-fifth of one percent (0.04%) of average annual net assets of the Sub-Fund.

8 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2024.

	2024 Money Market Sub-Fund Number
9 NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	
Total units in issue at the beginning of the period	-
Add: Issuance of units during the period	303,336
Total units in issue at the end of the period	303,336

	2024 Money Market Sub-Fund	
	Units	Rupees in '000
10 CONTRIBUTION TABLE		
From :		
Individuals	3,336	346
ABL Asset Management Company Limited - associated company	300,000	31,103
	303,336	31,449

11 TAXATION

The income of the Fund is exempt from taxation under Clause 57 (3) (viii) part 1 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001

The income of the Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause (IIA)(i) of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

12 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

The annualised total expense ratio (TER) of the Money Market Sub-Fund for the period ended June 30, 2024 is 0.13% which includes 0.01% representing Government levies on the Sub-Fund such as sales tax and annual fee to the SECP etc. This ratio is within the maximum limit of 2% (excluding government levies) prescribed under the NBFC Regulations for a Money Market Sub-Fund.

13 TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / RELATED PARTIES

Connected persons include ABL Asset Management Company Limited being the Pension Fund Manager, the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited being the Trustee, other collective investment schemes managed by the Pension Fund Manager, any entity in which the Pension Fund Manager, its CISs or their connected persons have material interest, any person or company beneficially owning directly or indirectly ten percent or more of the capital of the Pension Fund Manager or the net assets of the Fund, directors and their close family members and key management personnel of the Pension Fund Manager.

Transactions with connected persons are executed on an arm's length basis and essentially comprise sale and redemption of units, fee on account of managing the affairs of the Fund, other charges and distribution payments to connected persons. The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and at terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration to the Pension Fund Manager of the Fund is determined in accordance with the provisions of the VPS Rules, 2005 and the Trust Deed of the Fund.

- 13.1 The details of transactions carried out by the Fund with connected persons during the period and balances with them as at period end are as follows:

Transactions during the period

2024
Money Market Sub-Fund
Rupees in '000'

ABL Asset Management Company Limited - Pension Fund Manager

Outstanding 300,000 units-Money Market Sub Fund 31,103

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee

Remuneration of the Trustee 8
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of the Trustee 1

Allied Bank Limited

Profit on savings account 1,148

- 13.2 Other balances due to / from related parties / connected persons are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

Particulars	2024			Total
	Money Market Sub-Fund			
	At amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Sub total	
	----- Rupees in '000 -----			
Financial assets				
Bank balances	31,000	-	31,000	31,000
Profit receivable	490	-	490	490
	<u>31,490</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,490</u>	<u>31,490</u>
Financial liabilities				
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	9	-	9	9
Printing charges payable	30	-	30	30
	<u>39</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>39</u>

15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of participants' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through monitoring and controlling activities which are primarily set up to be performed based on limits established by the Pension Fund Manager, the constitutive documents of the Fund and the regulations and directives of the SECP. These limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Fund as well as the level of the risk that the Fund is willing to accept. The Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager supervises the overall risk management approach within the Fund. The Fund is exposed to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk arising from the financial instruments it holds.

15.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Pension Fund Manager manages the market risk through diversification of the investment portfolio and by following the internal guidelines established by the Investment Committee.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, yield / interest rate risk and price risk.

(i) Yield / interest rate risk

Yield / interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2024, the Sub-Fund is exposed to such risk on bank balances only. The Investment Committee of the Sub-Fund reviews the portfolio of the Sub-Fund on a regular basis to ensure that the risk is managed within the acceptable limits.

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The Sub-Fund holds balances with banks which expose the Sub-Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in applicable rates as at the reporting date with all other variables held constant, the net income/loss for the period and net assets of the Money Market Sub-Fund would have been higher / lower by Rs 0.310 million.

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Sub-Fund does not hold any investment in fixed rate instruments which expose the Sub-Fund to fair value interest rate risk.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off balance sheet financial instruments is based on the settlement date.

The Sub-Fund's interest rate sensitivity related to financial assets and financial liabilities as at June 30, 2024 can be determined as follows:

ABL Pension Fund - Money Market Sub-Fund

2024					
Effective interest rate	Exposed to yield / interest rate risk			Not exposed to yield / interest rate risk	Total
	Upto three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year		
Rupees in '000					
Financial assets					
Bank balances	31.50%	31,000	-	-	31,000
Profit receivable		-	-	490	490
		31,000	-	490	31,490
Financial liabilities					
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		-	-	9	9
Printing charges payable		-	-	30	30
		-	-	39	39
On-balance sheet gap		31,000	-	451	31,451
Total interest rate sensitivity gap		31,000	-	-	
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		31,000	31,000	31,000	

(ii) **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Sub-Fund does not have any financial instruments in foreign currencies and hence is not exposed to such risk.

(iii) **Price risk**

changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. Presently, the portfolio of the Fund is not exposed to price risk.

15.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Sub-Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous to the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to redemptions of its redeemable units on a regular basis. The Sub-Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Sub-Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. The Sub-Fund's policy is, therefore, to invest the majority of its assets either in short term instruments or in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realisable in order to maintain liquidity.

The Sub-Fund can borrow in the short term to ensure settlement in Sub-Funds. The maximum amount available to the Sub-Funds from the borrowing would be limited to fifteen percent of its net assets upto 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Sub-Funds. The facility would bear borrowing cost at commercial rates. However, no borrowing was obtained by any Sub-Fund during the current period.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund may also withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the period.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial instruments. The analysis into relevant maturity groupings is based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. However, assets and liabilities that are receivable / payable on demand including bank balances have been included in the maturity grouping of one month.

ABL Pension Fund - Money Market Sub-Fund

2024						
Within one month	More than one month and upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year and upto five years	More than five years	Financial instruments with no fixed maturity	Total

Rupees in '000

Financial assets

Bank balances	31,000	-	-	-	-	31,000
Profit receivable	490	-	-	-	-	490
	31,490	-	-	-	-	31,490

Financial liabilities

Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	9	-	-	-	-	9
Printing charges payable	30	-	-	-	-	30
	39	-	-	-	-	39

Net financial assets

	31,451	-	-	-	-	31,451
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15.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Sub-Fund by failing to discharge its obligation as it falls due. The credit risk in Sub-Fund mainly arises from deposits with banks. The balance in bank is kept with related party. The table below analyses the Sub-Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk:

	2024	
	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk
----- Rupees in '000 -----		
Money Market Sub-Fund		
Bank balances	31,000	31,000
Profit receivable	490	490
	<u>31,490</u>	<u>31,490</u>

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancement as at June 30, 2024 is the carrying amount of balance maintained with bank and profit receivable.

15.3.1 Credit quality of financial assets

The Fund's credit risk arises mainly on account of its placements in banks and profit receivable. The credit rating profile of balances with banks is as follows:

Name of bank	June 30, 2024		
	Rating agency	Latest available published rating	Percentage
Allied Bank Limited	PACRA	AAA	98.44%

15.3.2 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Sub-Fund's total credit exposure. The Sub-Fund's portfolio of financial assets is mainly held with credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any credit risk.

16 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not to be significantly different from the respective book values.

Fair value hierarchy

International Financial Reporting Standard 13, 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Fund to classify assets using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2024, the Sub-Fund has no financial instrument carried at fair value.

17 PARTICIPANTS' SUB-FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Participants' Sub-Fund is represented by redeemable units. These units are entitled to payment of a proportionate share, based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date.

The Sub-Fund's objectives when managing funds received are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for participants and to maintain a strong base to meet unexpected losses or opportunities.

In accordance with the risk management policies, the Sub-Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption requests. Such liquidity being augmented by short-term borrowings or disposal of investments where necessary.

All units, including the core units, and fractions thereof represent an undivided share in the pertinent sub-funds of the Fund and rank parri passu as their rights in the net assets and earning of the sub-fund are not tradable or transferable. Each participant has a beneficial interest in the sub-fund proportionate to the units held by such participant in such sub-fund.

18 GENERAL

18.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

19 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on August 29, 2024 by the Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager.

For ABL Asset Management Company Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Saqib Matin
Chief Financial Officer



Naveed Nasim
Chief Executive Officer



Pervaiz Iqbal Butt
Director

اعتراف

ہم اپنے قابل قدر سرمایہ کاروں کا شکریہ ادا کرتے ہیں جنہوں نے ہم پر اعتماد کیا ہے۔ بورڈ سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان، ٹرسٹی (سینٹرل ڈپازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان لمیٹڈ) اور پاکستان اسٹاک ایکسچینج لمیٹڈ کے انتظامیہ کی ان کی مسلسل رہنمائی اور مدد کے لئے ان کا شکریہ بھی ادا کرتا ہے۔ ڈائریکٹرز انتظامی ٹیم کے ذریعہ کی جانے والی کوششوں کی بھی تعریف کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ کی طرف سے اور بورڈ کے لئے

ڈائریکٹر

لاہور، 29 اگست، 2024

نویس
چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر

آؤٹ لک اور اسٹریٹیجی

جون 2024 میں، SBP کی مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی (MPC) نے تقریباً ایک سال تک جمود کو برقرار رکھنے کے بعد پالیسی کی شرح کو 150 بیس پوائنٹس سے 20.5 فیصد تک کم کرنے کا انتخاب کیا۔ مختصر مدت اور طویل مدتی آلات دونوں کی پیداوار پچھلے سال سے پہلے ہی نمایاں طور پر گر چکی ہے۔ کنزیومر پرائس انڈیکس (سی پی آئی) نے مئی 2024 میں 30 ماہ کی کم ترین سطح 11.8% YoY پر گراؤ کا مشاہدہ کیا۔ CPI میں اس نمایاں کمی کے ساتھ، حقیقی سود کی شرحیں پہلے ہی مثبت ہو چکی ہیں اور مارکیٹ کے شرکاء مستقبل قریب میں شرح میں مزید کمی کی توقع رکھتے ہیں۔

ہم توقع کرتے ہیں کہ نئی حکومت آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ ایک طویل المدتی انتظامات پر بات چیت کرنے میں کامیاب ہو جائے گی جس سے روپے کو مزید استحکام ملے گا اور یورو بانڈ مارکیٹ کھلے گی اور دیگر کثیر جہتی ایجنسیوں جیسے ورلڈ بینک، اے ڈی بی، آئی ایس ڈی بی وغیرہ سے فنڈنگ حاصل ہوگی۔

پیداوار کا جھکاؤ پہلے ہی تیز ہو چکا ہے۔ چھوٹے سرے پر پیداوار کا جھکاؤ M3، 6M اور T-Bills 12M کے ساتھ کافی حد تک چپٹا ہو گیا ہے، جو کہ 20.5% کی موجودہ پالیسی ریٹ سے تقریباً 100bps کا منفی پھیلاؤ رکھتا ہے۔ پیداواری جھکاؤ کے طویل اختتام پر، Y5 کی پالیسی ریٹ سے پھیلاؤ تقریباً 500bps کے قریب ہے۔

آگے بڑھتے ہوئے، ہم اپنے پورٹ فولیوز کی مدت میں اضافہ کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتے ہیں۔ لہذا، ہم اپنی پوزیشنوں کو فلوئنگ ریٹ PIBs سے فکسڈ ریٹ PIBs اور طویل دورانیے والے T-Bills میں تبدیل کریں گے۔ اس کے علاوہ، ہم بینکوں کے ساتھ ڈپازٹ ڈیلز کے لیے گفت و شنید کر رہے ہیں تاکہ منافع کی شرح T-Bills سے بہتر ہو تاکہ کیپٹل گین بک کر سکیں اور اپنے پورٹ فولیوز کی چل رہی پیداوار کو بہتر بنایا جا سکے۔

ہم اپنے نقطہ نظر میں محتاط رہیں گے اور اس وقت تک مارکیٹ سے متاثر نہیں ہوں گے جب تک کہ زیادہ واضح نہیں ہو جاتا، خاص طور پر سیاسی اور اقتصادی محاذ پر کیونکہ اگلی پالیسی میٹنگ بھی جولائی میں ہونے والی ہے، جس کے بعد ہم طویل مدتی آلات میں اپنی پوزیشن میں اضافہ کریں گے۔

• بورڈ کی رسک مینجمنٹ کمیٹی (BRMC) - سال کے دوران BRMC کے دو اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور ان میں حسب ذیل شرکت کی:

ڈائریکٹر کا نام	حیثیت	اجلاس میں شرکت
i. جناب محمد کامران شہزاد *	آزاد ڈائریکٹر	2
ii. جناب کامران نشاط **	آزاد ڈائریکٹر	N/A
iii. جناب پرویز اقبال بٹ	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	2
iv. جناب نوید نسیم	سی ای او	2

* میعاد 6 اپریل 2024 کو مکمل ہو گئی۔

** 17 اپریل 2024 کو مقرر کیا گیا۔

• بورڈ کی ہیومن ریسورس کمیٹی (BHRC) - سال کے دوران BAC کی سات میٹنگ ہوئی اور اس میں حسب ذیل شرکت کی:

ڈائریکٹر کا نام	حیثیت	اجلاس میں شرکت
i. جناب محمد وسیم مختار	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	3
ii. جناب محمد کامران شہزاد *	آزاد ڈائریکٹر	3
iii. جناب کامران نشاط **	آزاد ڈائریکٹر	N/A
iv. جناب پرویز اقبال بٹ	آزاد ڈائریکٹر	3
v. جناب نوید نسیم	سی ای او	3

* میعاد 6 اپریل 2024 کو مکمل ہو گئی۔

** 17 اپریل 2024 کو مقرر کیا گیا۔

آڈیٹر

موجودہ آڈیٹر میسرز اے ایف فرگوسن اینڈ کمپنی (چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس)، ریٹائر ہو چکے ہیں اور اہل ہیں، 30 جون 2025 کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے خود کو پیش کر رہے ہیں۔

مینجمنٹ کمپنی کی کوالیٹی کی درجہ بندی

26 اکتوبر 2023 کو: پاکستان کریڈٹ ریٹنگ ایجنسی لمیٹڈ (PACRA) نے اے بی ایل ایسیٹ مینجمنٹ کمپنی (ABL AMC) کی مینجمنٹ کوالٹی ریٹنگ (MQR) کو (AM-One) (AM1) تفویض کی ہے۔ تفویض کردہ درجہ بندی پر آؤٹ لک 'مستحکم' ہے۔

انتظامی کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز اور اس کی کمیٹیاں

مندرجہ ذیل کے مطابق چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر کے علاوہ ڈائریکٹرز کی کل تعداد سات ہے:

الف۔ مرد: چھ (6)
ب۔ خاتون: ایک (1)

بورڈ کی موجودہ تشکیل حسب ذیل ہے:

نام	زمرہ
شیخ مختار احمد	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز
جناب محمد نعیم مختار	
جناب محمد وسیم مختار	
جناب ایزد رزاق گل	
محترمہ سائرہ شاہد	خاتون / نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
جناب کامران نشاط	آزاد ڈائریکٹرز
جناب پرویز اقبال بٹ	
جناب نوید نسیم	سی ای او

مالی سال 2023-24 کے دوران بورڈ کے چار اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور اس میں شرکت کی۔ میٹنگ کی تاریخوں کی تفصیلات اور NBFC ریگولیشنز، 2008 کے تحت ضرورت کے مطابق شرکت کرنے والے ڈائریکٹرز کو مالیاتی گوشواروں میں نوٹس میں شامل کیا گیا ہے۔

بورڈ کی کمیٹی آڈٹ کمیٹی، ہیومن ریسورس کمیٹی، رسک مینجمنٹ کمیٹی اور اسٹریٹجک پلاننگ اینڈ مانیٹرنگ کمیٹی پر مشتمل ہے۔ مندرجہ ذیل تفصیلات کے مطابق ان میٹنگ میں ڈائریکٹرز نے شرکت کی۔

• بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی (BAC) - سال کے دوران BAC کے سات اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور اس میں حسب ذیل شرکت کی:

ڈائریکٹر کا نام	حیثیت	اجلاس میں شرکت
i. جناب محمد کامران شہزاد *	آزاد ڈائریکٹر	5
ii. جناب کامران نشاط **	آزاد ڈائریکٹر	2
iii. جناب محمد وسیم مختار	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	7
iv. جناب پرویز اقبال بٹ	آزاد ڈائریکٹر	7

* میعاد 16 اپریل 2024 کو مکمل ہو گئی۔

** 17 اپریل 2024 کو مقرر کیا گیا۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

ہمارے طویل مدتی سرمایہ کاروں کی بھلائی کی بنیاد پر اے بی ایل وی پی ایس کو منظم طریقے سے 3 ذیلی فنڈز میں درجہ بند کیا گیا ہے۔ "ڈیبٹ سب فنڈ"، "منی مارکیٹ سب فنڈ"، اور "ایکویٹی سب فنڈ"۔ ڈیبٹ سب فنڈ اور ایکویٹی سب فنڈ بعد میں پیش کیا جائے گا۔

منی مارکیٹ سب فنڈ

مالی سال 24 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے، منی مارکیٹ سب فنڈ نے 19.73 فیصد کا سالانہ منافع حاصل کیا۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس

کمپنی کارپوریٹ گورننس، اخلاقیات، اور اچھے کاروباری طریقوں کے اعلیٰ ترین معیار کی پیروی پر پختہ یقین رکھتی ہے۔ کمپنی کا ضابطہ اخلاق تمام بورڈ ممبران، ملازمین اور کمپنی کی مختلف اسٹیک ہولڈرز، ایک دوسرے اور مجموعی طور پر معاشرے کے لیے ذمہ داریوں اور ذمہ داریوں کی وضاحت کرتا ہے۔ ضابطہ اخلاق کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر دستیاب ہے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کا بیان

1. مالیاتی بیانات کافی حد تک معاملات کی حالت، آپریشن کے نتائج، سال کے لیے جامع آمدنی، کیش فلو اور یونٹ ہولڈرز کے فنڈز میں نقل و حرکت کو پیش کرتے ہیں۔

2. فنڈ کے اکاؤنٹس کی مناسب کتابیں برقرار رکھی گئیں۔

3. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کا مسلسل اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینے معقول اور دانشمندانہ فیصلوں پر مبنی ہیں۔

4. متعلقہ بین الاقوامی اکاؤنٹنگ معیارات، جیسا کہ پاکستان میں لاگو ہوتا ہے، غیر بینکاری فنانس کمپنیوں (اسٹیبلشمنٹ اینڈ ریگولیشن) رولز 2003 اور نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیوں اور مطلع شدہ اداروں کے ضوابط، 2008 کی دفعات، ٹرسٹ ڈیڈ کی شرائط اور جاری کردہ ہدایات مالیاتی بیانات کی تیاری میں سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔

5. اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن میں مستحکم ہے اور اس کو موثر انداز میں لاگو اور نگرانی کیا گیا ہے۔

6. فنڈز کی تشویش کی حیثیت سے جاری رکھنے کی اہلیت پر کوئی خاص شبہات نہیں ہیں۔

7. فنڈ کی کارکردگی کا جزو سالانہ رپورٹ کے صفحہ # 11 پر دیا گیا ہے۔

8. ٹیکسوں، ڈیوٹیوں، محصولات اور محصولات اور مالی معاوضوں میں پہلے ہی انکشاف کے علاوہ دیگر معاوضوں کی وجہ سے کوئی قانونی ادائیگی نہیں ہے۔

9. پروویڈنٹ فنڈ کی سرمایہ کاری کی قیمت کے بارے میں بیان فنڈ کے معاملے میں لاگو نہیں ہوتا ہے کیونکہ ملازمین کی ریٹائرمنٹ کے فوائد کے اخراجات انتظامیہ کمپنی برداشت کرتی ہے۔

10. 30 جون، 2024 کو یونٹ ہولڈنگز کا پیٹرن مالیاتی گوشوارے کے نوٹ نمبر _____ میں دیا گیا ہے۔

آگے دیکھتے ہوئے، پاکستان مالی سال 25 میں مسلسل اقتصادی استحکام کی کوششوں کی توقع کرتا ہے۔ وفاقی بجٹ FY25، جو جون 2024 میں پیش کیا گیا تھا، نے اسٹریٹجک اقدامات متعارف کرائے تھے جن کا مقصد اقتصادی چیلنجوں سے نمٹنے اور ملک کی تاریخ میں ممکنہ طور پر سب سے بڑے IMF پروگرام کے لیے تیاری کرنا تھا۔ مالیاتی پالیسی میں مزید تبدیلیوں اور بین الاقوامی مالیاتی اداروں کے ساتھ جاری مذاکرات کی توقعات کے ساتھ، آؤٹ لک محتاط طور پر پر امید ہے۔

روایتی منی مارکیٹ کا جائزہ

FY24 میں، پاکستان کا کنزیومر پرائس انڈیکس (CPI) سال بہ سال اوسطاً 23.4% تک پہنچ گیا، جو کہ پچھلے سال کی اسی مدت میں 29.1% کا اضافہ تھا۔ مہنگائی میں حصہ ڈالنے والے اہم شعبے خوراک اور ٹرانسپورٹیشن اور ہاؤسنگ سیکٹر تھے۔

مالی سال 24 کی مدت میں اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے کئی مہینوں تک پالیسی ریٹ کو 22 فیصد پر رکھا تاہم 10 جون کو ہونے والے آخری مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی (MPC) کی اجلاس میں کمیٹی نے شرح سود کو 22 فیصد کم سے کم 20.5 فیصد کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا۔

عام اور بنیادی افراط زر کی شرحوں میں کمی اور حقیقی شرح سود کا مثبت رخ مرکزی بینک کے لیے اپنی رعایتی شرح پر نظر ثانی کرنے پر غور کرنے کے لیے ایک مجبور دلیل پیش کرتا ہے، جو پچھلے کئی مہینوں سے 22 فیصد کی بلند ترین سطح پر برقرار ہے۔ مزید برآں، SBP کے ذخائر 05 جولائی 2024 تک 9.41 بلین امریکی ڈالر ہیں۔

مالی سال 24 میں، مختلف مدتوں میں ٹی بل کٹ آف پیداوار میں 244bps کی کمی واقع ہوئی۔ M3 کٹ آف پیداوار 185bps کی کمی سے 22.00% سے 20.15% ہو گئی، M6 کٹ آف پیداوار 201bps کی کمی سے 21.97% سے 19.96% ہو گئی اور M12 کٹ آف پیداوار 346bps کی کمی سے 22.00% سے 20.45% ہو گئی۔ FY24 کے دوران، حکومت نے M3، M6 اور M12 مدتوں میں کل 24,180 بلین روپے کا قرضہ حاصل کیا۔

مقررہ شرح PIB نیلامی کے دوران منعقد کی گئی۔ Y3، Y5 اور Y10 مدتوں میں معقول شرکت دیکھی گئی اور 3571 روپے کا قرضہ حاصل کیا گیا۔ Y3 بانڈز کٹ آف میں 275bps کی کمی واقع ہوئی اور تقریباً 16.60% پر آئے۔ زیر غور مدت میں Y15، Y20 اور Y30 PIBs میں کوئی شرکت نہیں دیکھی گئی۔

میوچل فنڈ انڈسٹری کا جائزہ

مالی سال 2024 کے دوران، اوپن اینڈ میوچل فنڈز کی صنعت نے نمایاں ترقی کا تجربہ کیا، زیر انتظام اثاثے 65.5% (YoY) بڑھ گئے (1614 بلین روپے سے بڑھ کر 2671 بلین روپے ہو گئے)۔ منی مارکیٹ فنڈز میں بڑی آمد دیکھی گئی، بشمول روایتی اور اسلامی، جس میں 45% (YoY) اضافہ ہوا، مالی سال کا اختتام 1327 بلین روپے کے توازن کے ساتھ ہوا۔ دریں اثنا، ایکویٹی مارکیٹ فنڈز، بشمول روایتی اور اسلامی دونوں، نے بھی 61% (YoY) اضافہ کیا۔ پالیسی کی بلند شرح نے ٹی بلز اور پاکستان انوسٹمنٹ بانڈز پر زیادہ پیداوار حاصل کی، جس سے صنعت کی ترقی میں مدد ملی۔ تاہم، شریعہ فنڈ آف فنڈز اور جارحانہ کم فنڈز میں بالترتیب 75% (YoY) اور 2% کی کمی دیکھی گئی۔

مینجمنٹ کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ

اے بی ایل پنشن فنڈ (اے بی ایل - پی ایف) کی انتظامیہ کمپنی، اے بی ایل ایسٹ مینجمنٹ کمپنی لمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز 30 جون، 2024 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے اے بی ایل پنشن فنڈ کے آڈٹ شدہ فنانشل اسٹیٹمنٹ پیش کرنے پر خوشی محسوس کرتے ہیں۔

اقتصادی کارکردگی کا جائزہ

پاکستان کے لیے مالی سال 2024 (FY24) کلیدی اقتصادی اشاریوں میں چیلنجوں اور بہتری کا ایک مرکب دیکھا گیا، جس کی تشکیل ملکی پالیسی کے اقدامات، عالمی اقتصادی حرکیات، اور جاری اصلاحات کے ذریعے کی گئی ہے۔ یہ پاکستان کے معاشی منظر نامے کے لیے ایک اہم دور کی حیثیت رکھتا ہے کیونکہ آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ 3 بلین امریکی ڈالر کے اسٹینڈ بائی انتظامات پر دستخط کے ساتھ ہی بد حال معیشت گرم پانیوں سے نکل آئی ہے۔

مالی سال کا آغاز بلند افراط زر کے دباؤ کے ساتھ ہوا لیکن آہستہ آہستہ ہیڈ لائن افراط زر میں کمی دیکھی گئی۔ کنزیومر پرائس انڈیکس (سی پی آئی) سال کے لیے اوسطاً 23.4% رہا، جو کہ FY23 میں ریکارڈ کیے گئے 29.1% سے نمایاں کمی ہے۔ افراط زر کا یہ رجحان بنیادی طور پر پچھلے سالوں کی اعلیٰ افراط زر کی شرحوں اور سال کے دوران مشاہدہ کیے گئے وقتاً فوقتاً افراط زر کی اقساط میں کمی سے ایک اعلیٰ بنیاد کے اثر سے کار فرما تھا۔

اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (SBP) نے مہنگائی کو کنٹرول کرنے اور معاشی سرگرمیوں کو متحرک کرنے میں اہم کردار ادا کیا۔ جون 2024 میں، SBP کی مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی (MPC) نے 23 جون 2023 سے تقریباً ایک سال تک جمود برقرار رکھنے کے بعد پالیسی ریٹ کو 150 بیس پوائنٹس سے کم کر کے 20.5 فیصد کرنے کا انتخاب کیا۔ اس فیصلے کا مقصد معاشی نمو کو حقیقی طور پر سپورٹ کرنا تھا۔ سود کی شرح مثبت ہو گئی جو کہ مانیٹری پالیسیوں کو ایڈجسٹ کرنے کی طرف ایک تبدیلی کا اشارہ ہے۔

مالی سال 24 میں ادائیگیوں کے توازن کا منظر نامہ چیلنجوں اور بہتری کے امتزاج کی عکاسی کرتا ہے۔ سال کے شروع میں خسارے کا سامنا کرنے کے بعد، ملک نے سال کی دوسری ششماہی میں لگاتار تین ماہ کے کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ سرپلسز حاصل کیں۔ تاہم، 11 ماہ کے لیے مجموعی خسارہ 464 ملین امریکی ڈالر رہا، جو زیادہ تر درآمدی اخراجات میں اضافے سے متاثر ہوا۔ کارکنوں کی ترسیلات زر سے مضبوط رقوم نے بیرونی کھاتے کو مستحکم کرنے میں اہم کردار ادا کیا، جو کہ تقریباً 27 بلین ہے۔

مالیاتی محاذ پر، فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریونیو (ایف بی آر) نے مالی سال 24 میں 9,311 بلین کی مضبوط ٹیکس محصولات کی وصولی کے ساتھ پلک کا مظاہرہ کیا۔ اس کارکردگی نے معاشی غیر یقینی صورتحال اور جاری ڈھانچہ جاتی اصلاحات کے درمیان مالیاتی نظم و ضبط کو مضبوط بنانے کے لیے حکومت کی کوششوں کو اجاگر کیا۔



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